



# Basic Concept of Fire and Life safety

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"WHAT BURNS NEVER RETURNS"

"PREVENT FIRE, AVOID DESTRUCTION"



## WHAT IS FIRE?



It is an exothermic chemical reaction where heat, light, smoke & various Gases like Carbon Di Oxide(CO<sub>2</sub>) & Carbon mono oxide (CO) etc. are evolved.



# CONSEQUENCES OF FIRE



- ? LOSS OF LIFE
- ? LOSS OF PROPERTY
- ? UNEMPLOYMENT (बेरोर्जगारी)

TWO MOST PRECIOUS THINGS OF HUMAN BEING

- ? LOSS OF BOOKS OF ACCOUNTS & RECORDS (दस्तावेज)
- ? LOSS OF SKILLED (কুংলে) WORKERS
- ? SHORTAGE OF COMMODITIES (सामग्री)



#### **EVERYONE MUST KNOW**

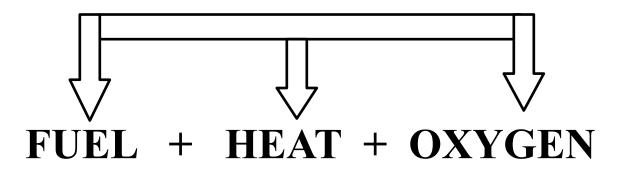


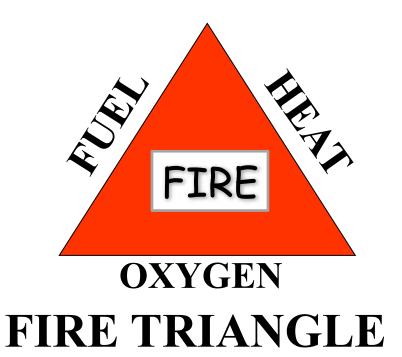
- 1. WHAT IS FIRE?
- 2. METHODS OF EXTINCTION OF FIRE
- 3. CATEGORIES OF FIRE
- 4. PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS
- 5. COMMON CAUSES OF FIRE AND PREVENTIVE MEASURES
- 6. WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF FIRE?
- 7. HOW TO CALL FIRE BRIGADE?
- 8. WHAT TO DO WHEN FIRE BRIGADE ARRIVES?



# WHAT IS FIRE?







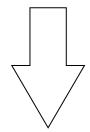








#### **Smoke**



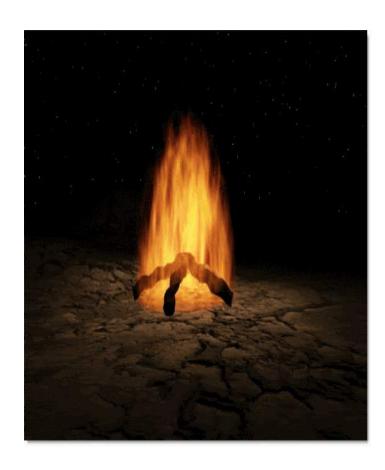
**Poor Visibility** 

Prevents Escape.

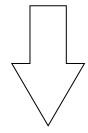
Asphyxiation, Death Panic, Stampede, Death







Fire Gases (CO, HCl & CO<sub>2</sub>)



**Toxic and Explosive Gases** 

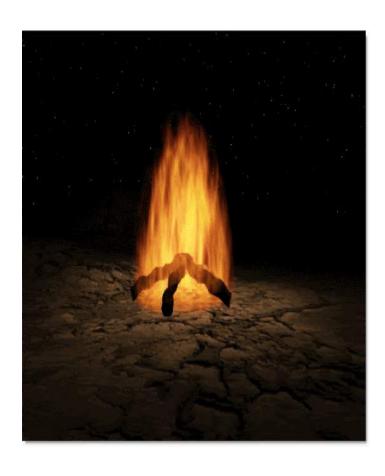
**Explosions and Fire Spread** 

Abnormal Respiration Asphyxiation Panic, Stampede, Death

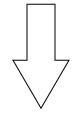












#### Fire spread due to Radiation

- Prevents Escape Burns and Scalds
- Damage to Lungs & Respiratory System
- Jumping to escape Hence Injuries/ Death

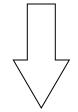








#### Flame



Fire spread

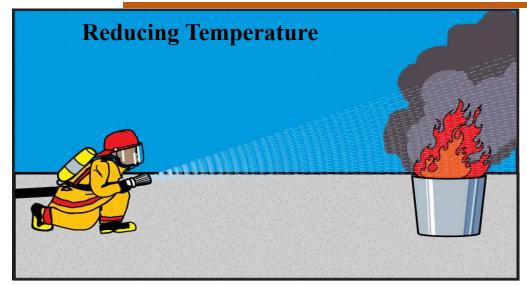
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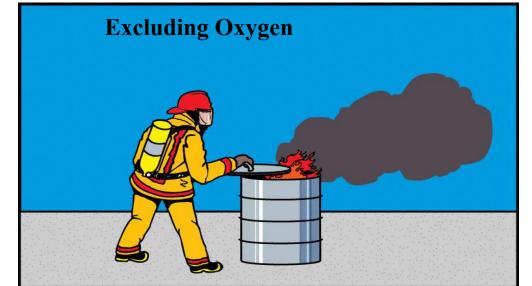




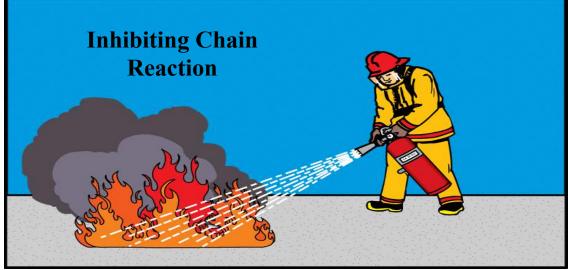
# EXTINGUISHING METHODS













# CLASSIFICATION OF FIRE AS PER IS 2190/1979



<b>A</b>	CC	
A	CC	

#### **COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL**

A

Ordinary combustible solids

Paper, Wood, Cloth, etc.

B

Combustible liquids or liquifiable solids

Oils, Paints, Chemicals, Wax, etc.

C

Combustible gases

L.P.G., Acetylene, Hydrogen, Methane, Natural Gas, etc.

D

Combustible metals

Magnesium, Sodium, Uranium, Thorium, etc.

E

Electrical equipment & installations

Switch gears, Transformer, etc.





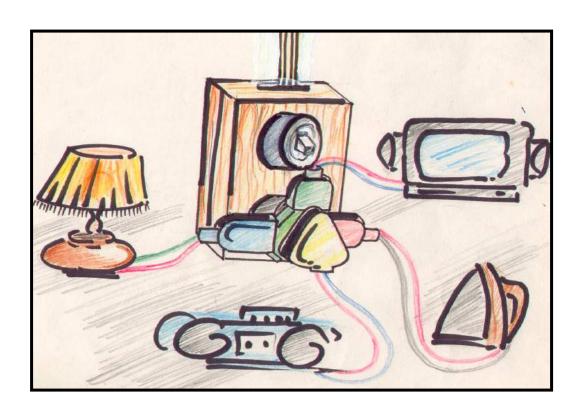
# COMMON CAUSES OF FIRE & & PREVENTIVE MEASURES





? Electrical

**?**Overloading

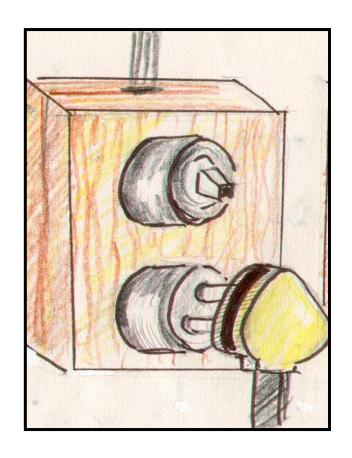


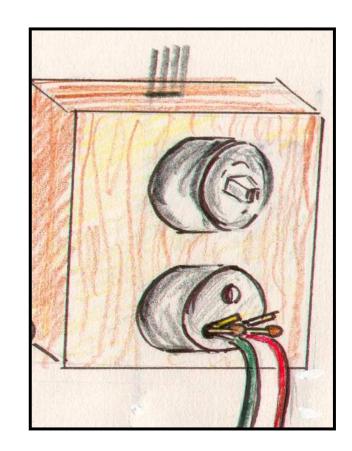




? Electrical

- ? Overloading
- **?** Loose Connections





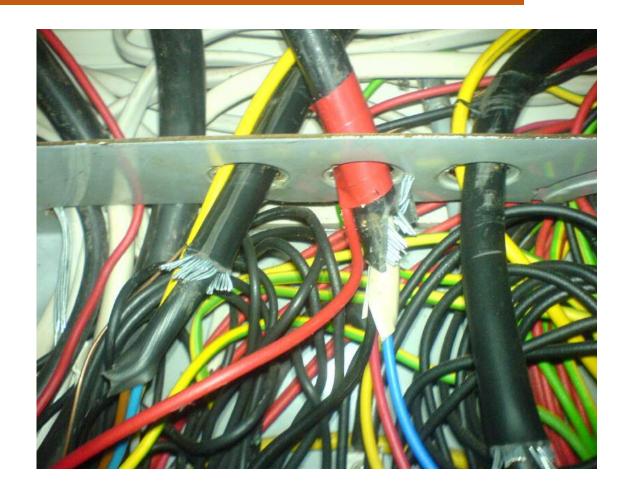




#### Electrical

- ? Overloading
- ? Loose Connections

? Damaged Installations

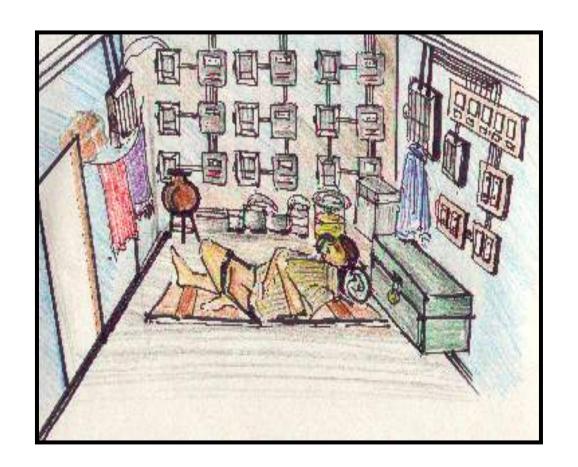






? Electrical

- ? Overloading
- **?** Loose Connections
- **?** Damaged Installations
- ? Misuse of Elec. Meter rooms

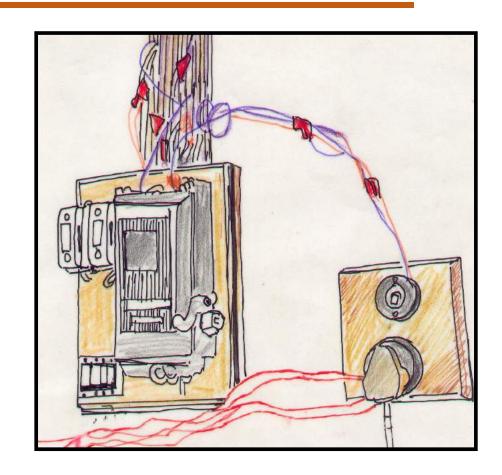






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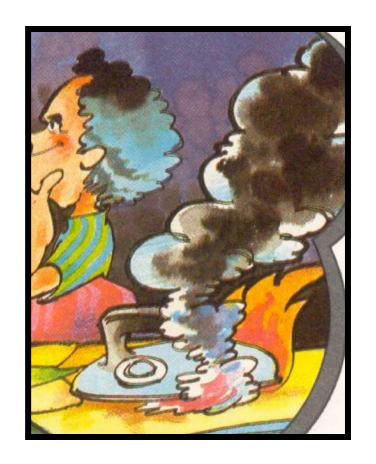
**?** Aged Wiring and Installations





#### ? Electrical

Overloading
Loose Connections
Damaged Installations
Misuse of Elec. Meter rooms
Aged Wiring and Installations



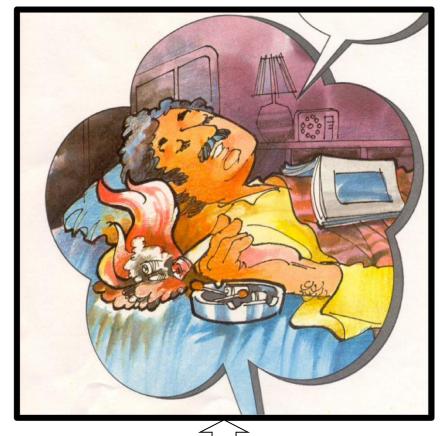
**Unattended Elec. Appliances** 





Careless Smoking

Homes





**SMOKING IN BED** 







Careless Smoking

Factories & Offices Hotels & Hospitals











Careless Smoking

Clubs & Discotheques
Moving Vehicles (trains, automobiles etc.)





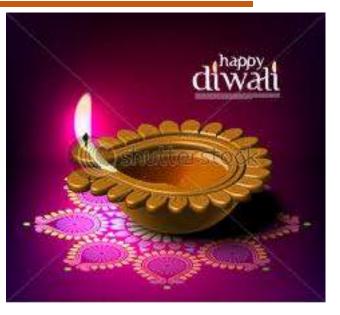




Naked Flames in Kitchen
Oil Lamps, Candles
Welding







Never go outside of the home keeping lighted oil lamps





Furnace, Pantry, etc.



Bonfires



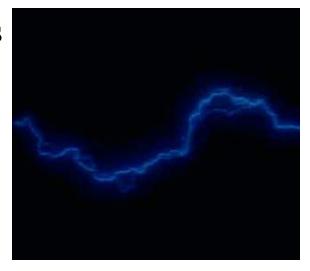
Worshiping Time (home, havan, etc..)







Lightings Sparks



Fire Crackers



Frictional (Grinder, Pulverize, etc.)







#### OTHER CAUSES OF FIRE

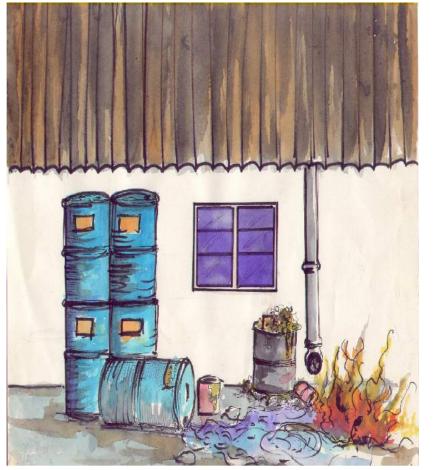


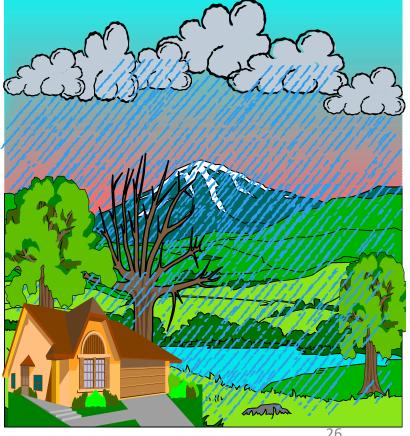
#### **Spontaneous Combustion**







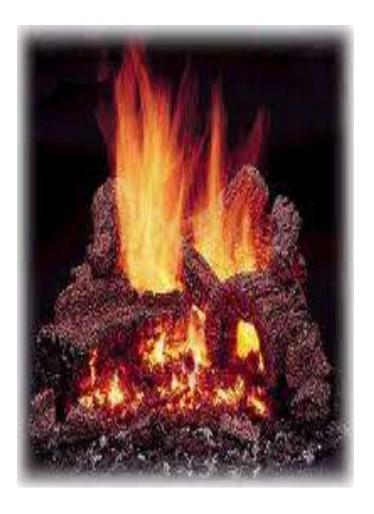


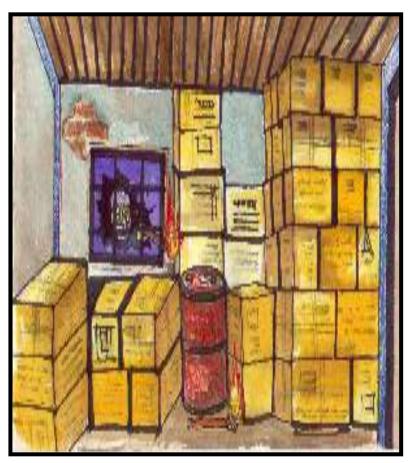






#### Hot Ashes Incendiarism Arson











# WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF FIRE



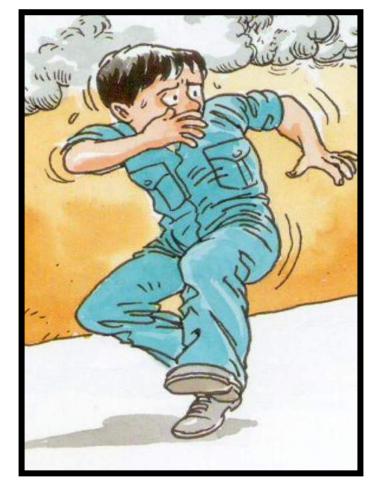
**DO NOT RUN** 



DO NOT WASTE TIME FOR COLLECTING VALUABLES



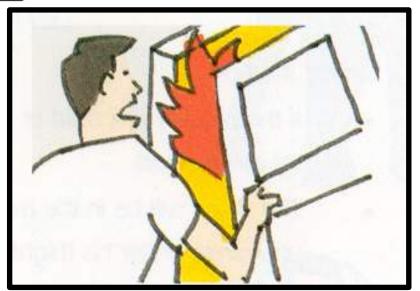
INFORM FIRE BRIGADE ABOUT FIRE ALERT NEIGHBOURS



**DO NOT PANIC** 



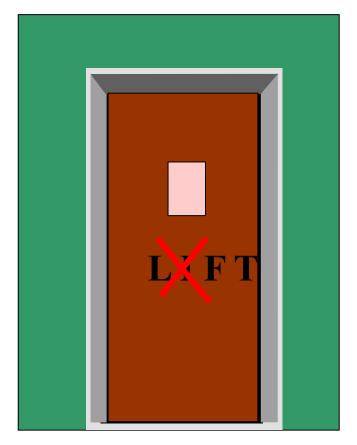
IF POSSIBLE, USE FIRE EXTINGUISHER



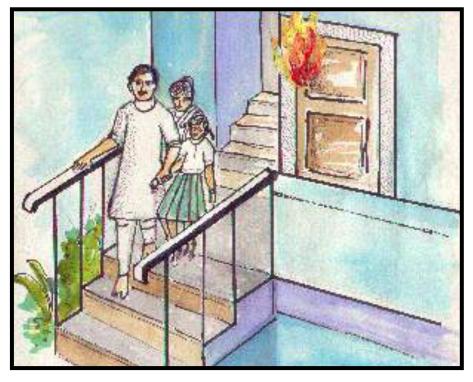
SHUT ALL THE DOORS BEHIND YOU



DO NOT TAKE SHELTER IN TOILET



DO NOT USE LIFT TO ESCAPE



USE NEAREST MEANS OF ESCAPE AND THE STAIRECASE AVAILABLE



MAKE EXIT TO GROUND LEVEI INSTEAD OF TERRACE



#### IF TRAPPED OR STRANDED

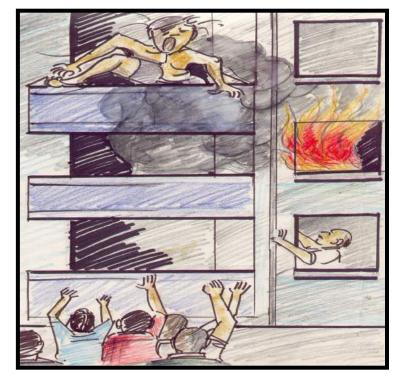




STAY CLOSE TO THE FLOOR LEVEL



COVER THE GAPS OF THE DOOR BY BLANKET OR BY RUG OR ANY OTHER PIECE OF CLOTH AVAILABLE



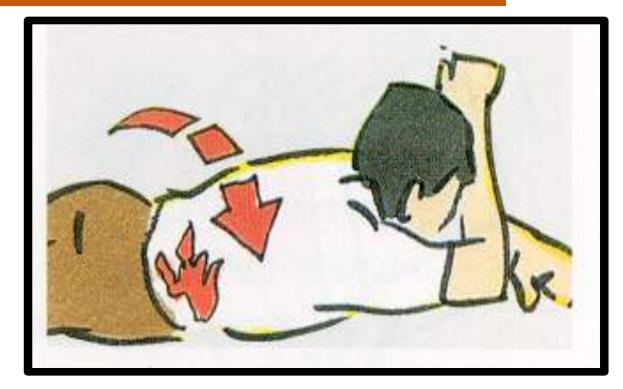
DO NOT JUMP OUT OF THE BUILDING.
SIGNAL OR
SHOUT FOR HELP



#### IF CLOTHES ARE ON FIRE







DO NOT RUN
STOP, DROP & ROLL ON THE GROUND AND
COVER WITH BLANKET
POUR WATER ON THE BODY



#### HOW TO CALL FIRE BRIGADE





- 1. Dial 101 Control Room Duty officer receives your call.
- 2. Give him detailed Address nature of Incident and Telephone No. from which you are calling.
- 3. Keep down the receiver and wait. Control Room will call back to verify the call.
- 4. Wait for the Fire Engine, and co-operate with Firemen.

REMEMBER 101



#### KNOW YOUR HIGH RISE BUILDING



#### KNOW THIS:-

- Location of the Staircases
- Location of the nearest Fire Exit
- Location of the Manual Call Points
- Location of the Fire Extinguishers
- Location of the Hose Reels
- Location of the Refuge Area
- Location of the Automatic Fire Protection System



# Safety System in High-rise Buildings



#### **SPRINKLERS**



Fire Safety Signs

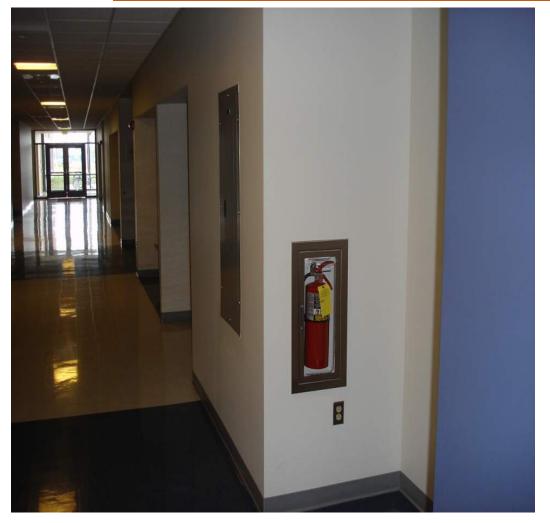








#### PLACEMENT OF FIRE EXTINGUESHER







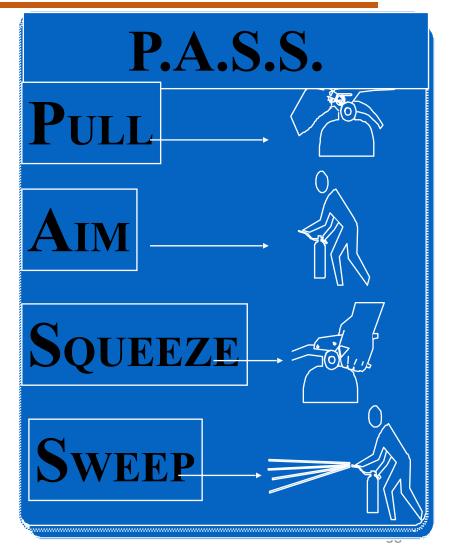


#### HOW TO USE EXTINGUISHER



#### Remember the PASS word:

- 1) Keep your back to a clear escape route,
- 2) Stand back 6 to 8 feet from the fire





# KNOW YOUR EMERGENCY EVACUATON PLAN



- Know and Understand the correct Evacuation Procedure of your Building
- Location of the Assembly Points
- Be present for the Roll Call
- Know who is the Responsible person
- Do not re-enter the building for any reason





#### FIRE SAFETY



JOINT EFFORT AND JOINT RESPONSIBILITY





# "WE SERVE TO SAVE"

# Thank You